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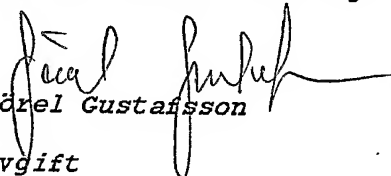
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TITLE: COMPRESSION UNIT

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### Technical Field

The present invention concerns a compression unit to be used in a sealing system further comprising a frame for cable entries, pipe penetrations etc. Specifically, the invention concerns a compression unit easily adaptable to different frames.

### Prior Art

15 Compression units and frames of this kind are widely used today. They are parts of systems used to seal at cable entries, pipe penetrations etc. In addition to the compression unit and the frame the systems comprise further elements or units to be placed tightly surrounding the cables, pipes etc. Normally a number of cables and/or pipes are to be received in each frame. Thus, a number of units for receiving cables and/or pipes are received in each frame. The units surrounding the cables, pipes etc. are made of a compressible material and the function of the compression unit is to compress said units to give a tight seal. A plate or partition is normally placed between the compression unit and the units for cables and/or pipes as well as between rows of units. The partitions are received slideable in the frame. Systems of this kind are used in many different environments, such as for cabinets, technical shelters, junction boxes and machines. They are used in different industrial environments, such as automotive, telecom, power generation and distribution, as well as marine and offshore.

30 The sealing systems may have to seal against fluid, gas, fire, rodents, termites, dust, moisture etc., and may receive cables for electricity, communication, computers

etc. or pipes for different gases or liquids such as water, compressed air, hydraulic fluid and cooking gas.

The compression unit is normally placed at one end of the frame. Thus, the compression unit will abut against two inner corners of the frame and, therefore the form of the surfaces of the compression unit facing said corners should be adapted to the form of the inner corners. In other embodiments the compression unit is not placed at one end of the frame, in which case the compression unit will abut against a wall of the frame. In order to have a tight seal it is e.g. important that the compression unit firmly abut against the frame in which it is received.

The form of the frames may vary. Some frames have rounded inner corners, while other have straight inner corners. In some frames there may be a mixture of straight and rounded inner corners. As stated above the form of the compression unit should be adapted to the form of the inner corners at which the compression unit is placed. Thus, if the inner corners of the frame are rounded the compression unit should have rounded surfaces facing the inner corners, and if the corners are straight the surfaces of the compression unit should have a straight form. Finally, if the frame has one straight and one rounded inner corner the compression unit should have a corresponding form. In embodiments where the compression unit is not placed at one end, the compression unit should have a straight form on the part abutting the frame wall. Previously compression units of different forms have been used, with one form for each form of the frame. This is of disadvantage regarding e.g. manufacture and stock keeping.

#### Summary of the Invention

One object of the present invention is that only one type of compression unit easily adaptable to different frames should be needed.

According to the present invention a compression unit is furnished. The compression unit is used with a frame also receiving compressible units for pipe penetration and/or cable entry. The compression unit is often to abut  
5 against two inner corners of the frame. In other embodiments the compression unit is to abut against two walls of the frame. Supplemental parts are furnished for optional placement between the compression unit and one or both of the inner corners or two walls of the frame, for adapting  
10 the form of the compression unit to the form of the inner corners or the walls of the frame.

Further objects and advantages of the present invention will be obvious for a person skilled in the art when reading the detailed description below of one embodiment of  
15 the present invention.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

The invention will be explained further below by way of an example and with reference to the enclosed drawings.  
20 In the drawings:

Fig. 1 is a side view of a compression unit according to the present invention in a not compressed state;

Fig. 2 is a side view of the compression unit of Fig. 1 in a compressed state;

25 Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the compression unit of Figs. 1 and 2 including supplemental parts;

Fig. 4 is a side view of a component made in one piece, of which the compression unit is formed; and

30 Fig. 5 is a side view illustrating different frames in which the compression unit of the previous Figs. may be received.

#### Detailed Description of Preferred Embodiments

In the Figs. one example of a compression unit 1 is  
35 shown in which the present invention is used. A person

skilled in the art realises that the exact design of the compression unit 1 is of no importance for the invention as such. The shown compression unit 1 is based on the compression unit of the application WO 96/11353.

5           The compression unit 1 comprises a first pair of compressible wedges 2, 3, which can be moved towards and away from each other by means of a screw 6. The compression unit 1 further comprises a second pair of compressible wedges 4, 5, which may be moved towards and away from each other in  
10 co-action with the first pair of wedges 2, 3.

          The screw 6 is received in two sleeves 8, 9. One sleeve 8, 9 in each of the wedges 2, 3 of the first pair. The sleeves 8, 9 are either loose parts inserted and fixed in the wedges 2, 3 or are integrated in the wedges 2, 3,  
15 i.e. made in one piece with the wedges 2, 3. The screw 6 has a first thread 10 co-acting with a thread of one of the sleeves 8 and a second thread 11 co-acting with a thread of the other sleeve 9. One of the threads 10, 11 is a right-hand thread while the other is a left-hand thread. Thus,  
20 depending on the direction of rotation of the screw 6 the wedges 2, 3 of the first pair will move towards or away from each other. A pressure distributing plate 19 having openings for the screws 6 is used to distribute the pressure on the wedges 2, 3 receiving the screws 6.

25           The first pair of wedges 2, 3 is in contact with the second pair of wedges 4, 5 along inclined surfaces. The inclination of the contact surfaces are such that the second pair of wedges 4, 5 will move away from each other when the first pair of wedges 2, 3 are moving towards each other.  
30 When the first pair of wedges 2, 3 move away from each other the second pair of wedges 4, 5 will be moved towards each other.

          In use the first pair of wedges 2, 3 moves axially along the screw 6, while the second pair of wedges 4, 5  
35 moves radially towards and away from the screw 6.

The second pair of wedges 4, 5 is given such a form that each wedge 4, 5 has a rounded surface on the side facing an inner corner of a frame 14 receiving the compression unit 1.

5       The compression unit 1 may be furnished with one or two supplemental parts 12 in use. Each supplemental part 12 has two sides forming a straight corner and a rounded surface 13 to be received on the rounded surface of the compression unit 1. The sides of the supplemental part 12  
10       forming a straight corner are to abut against the inner corner of the frame 14. Thus, if the frame 14 has straight inner corners 17 the supplemental parts 12 are used adapting the compression unit 1 to the straight form of the inner corners 17 of the frame 14. If the compression unit 1  
15       is to be placed at a distance from the ends of the frame 14, the supplemental parts 12 are used adapting the compression unit 1 to the straight form of the walls of the frame 14.

20       The wedges 2, 3, 4, 5 are held together by a strap 7. Thus, all the wedges 2, 3, 4, 5 and the strap 7 may be made as a component in one piece, as indicated in Fig. 4.

30       In some embodiments the supplemental parts are integrated in the component of which the entire compression unit 1 is made. Thus, the complete compression unit 1 including the supplemental parts 12 may be made in one piece. If the supplemental parts are not needed, i.e. if the frame has rounded inner corners, the supplemental parts 11 are torn off before assembly of the compression unit 1. The supplemental parts 12 are attached to the rest of the components in such a way that it is easy to tear off from them. This may be achieved by having a weakening of the strap 7 connecting a supplemental part 12 with the rest, such a weakening may be a perforation, a slit etc. In other  
35       embodiments the supplemental parts 12 are loose parts. In the example of Fig. 4 the supplemental parts 12 are not in-

egrated in the component of which the compression unit 1 is formed.

As indicated above the compression unit 1 is to be used in a frame 14 receiving one or more units 20 for receiving cables and/or pipes. The function of the compression unit 1 is to compress all the units 20 in an extent enough to have a tight seal, as is known to a person skilled in the art. Partitions or plates 21 are placed between the compression unit 1 and the units 20 for cables/pipes and also between the separate rows of units 20.

In use the compression unit 1 is placed in the frame with or without the supplemental parts 12. If both inner corners 18 of the frame 16 at which the compression unit 1 is placed are rounded the supplemental parts 12 are not used. If both corners 17 of the frame 14 at which the compression unit 1 is to be placed are straight a supplemental part 12 is placed on each surface of the compression unit 1 facing a corner 17. If one of the corners 17 of the frame 15 is straight while the other 18 is rounded, a supplemental part 12 is only placed on the part of the compression unit 1 facing the straight corner 17. Thus, the same compression unit 1 with or without one or two supplemental parts 12 may be used for frames 14-16 having inner corners 17, 18 with varying form. Furthermore, if the compression unit 1 is not placed at the ends of the frame 14-16 a supplemental part 12 is placed on each surface of the compression unit 1 facing a wall of the frame 14.

Thus, the compression unit 1 is easily adaptable to different frames 14-16, by optional use of the supplemental parts 12.

## CLAIMS

1. A compression unit (1) for a frame (14-16) receiving compressible units (20) for pipe penetration and/or cable entry in addition to the compression unit (1) and which  
5 compression unit (1) is to abut against two inner corners (17, 18) or walls of the frame (14-16), **characterized** in that supplemental parts (12) are furnished for optional placement between the compression unit (1) and the frame (14-16) to adapt the form of the compression unit (1) to  
10 the form of the frame (14-16).

2. The compression unit (1) of claim 1, **characterized** in that the surfaces of the compression unit (1) facing the inner corners (17, 18) or walls of the frame (14-16) have a rounded form and that each supplemental part (12) has a  
15 general L-shaped cross section, with a rounded surface (13) and two straight sides.

3. The compression unit (1) of claim 2, **characterized** in that the rounded surface (13) of the supplemental part (12) is to abut against one of the rounded surfaces of the  
20 compression unit (1).

4. The compression unit (1) of claim 2 or 3, **characterized** in that the straight sides of the supplemental part (12) is to abut against the surfaces of a frame (14, 15) forming a straight inner corner (17) or that one of the  
25 straight sides of the supplemental part (12) is to abut a wall of a frame (14-16).

5. The compression unit (1) of any of the previous claims, **characterized** in that it comprises a first pair of wedges (2, 3), a second pair of wedges (4, 5) and a screw  
30 (6), having both left-handed and right-handed threads (10, 11), each thread co-operating with threads in sleeves (8, 9) in the first pair of wedges (2, 3), whereby the wedges (2, 3) of the first pair are in contact with the wedges (4, 5) of the second pair along inclined surfaces and that the  
35 first pair of wedges (1, 2) may be moved by means of the



5 screw (6) towards and away from each other in the axial di-  
rection of the screw (6) and the other pair of wedges (3,  
4) is moved towards and away from each other in a perpen-  
dicular direction to the movement of the first pair and ra-  
dially to the screw (6) by means of the movement of the  
first pair of wedges (2, 3).

6. The compression unit (1) of claim 5, **characterized**  
in that the wedges (2-5) of the compression unit (1) is  
made in one piece with straps (7) separating the separate  
10 wedges (2-5).

7. The compression unit (1) of claim 6, **characterized**  
in that the supplemental parts (12) are included in the  
component in one-piece.

8. The compression unit (1) of claim 7, **characterized**  
15 in that the supplemental parts (12) are included in the  
component in one-piece in a way enabling tearing off of the  
supplemental parts (12).

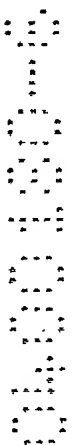
9. A method of adapting the form of a compression  
unit (1) to the form of inner corners (17, 18) or walls of  
20 a frame (14-16) for sealing receiving, in addition to the  
compression unit (1), further compressible units (20) for  
pipe penetration and/or cable entry, **characterized** in that  
supplemental parts (12) are placed on the compression unit  
(1) if needed to adapt the compression unit to the form of  
25 the inner corner (17) or the walls of the frame (14, 15) at  
which the compression unit (1) is placed.

## ABSTRACT

The present invention concerns a compression unit (1) to be used in a sealing system. The sealing system further includes a frame (14-16) receiving compressible units (20) for pipe penetration and/or cable entry in addition to the compression unit (1). Depending of the placing of the compression unit (1) it will abut either two inner corners (17, 18) or two walls of the frame (14-16). Further two supplemental parts (12) are furnished for optional used.

10 The supplemental parts (12) are placed between the compression unit (1) and the frame (14-16) if the compression unit (1) is to abut against an inner corner (17) having a straight form or against walls of the frame (14-16).

15 To be published with Fig. 3.



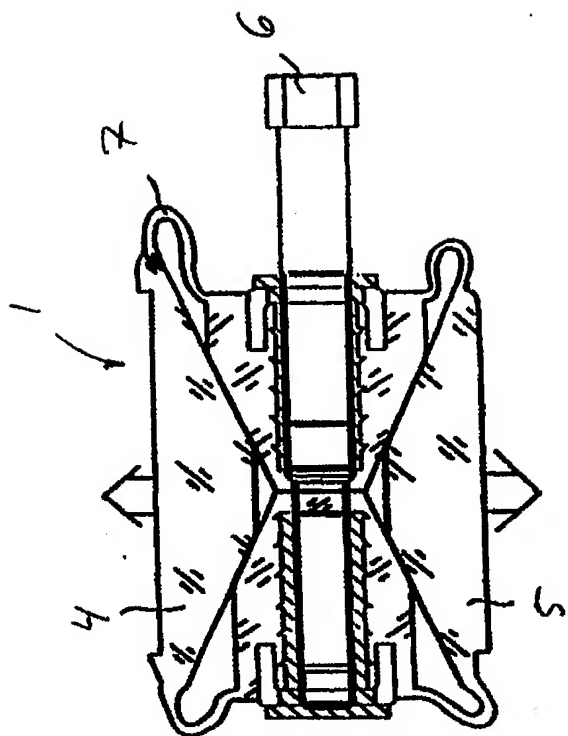


Fig 2

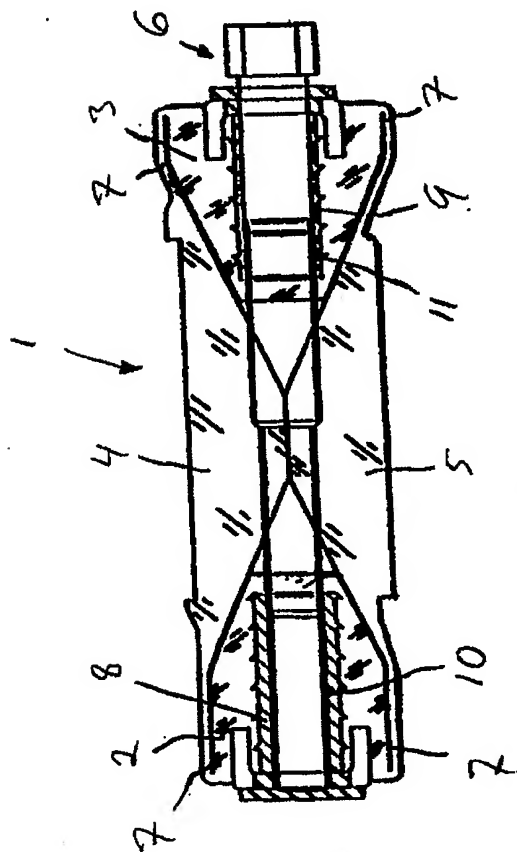


Fig. 1

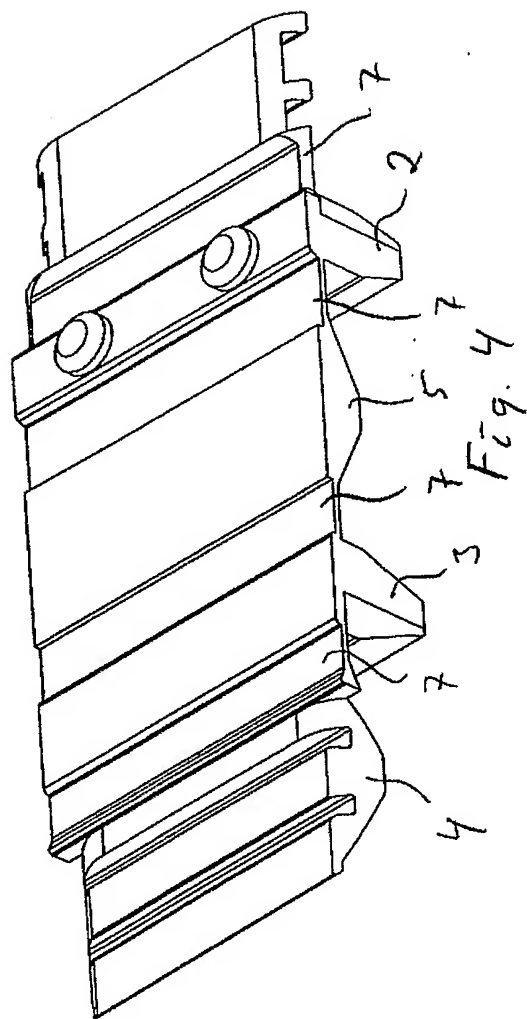
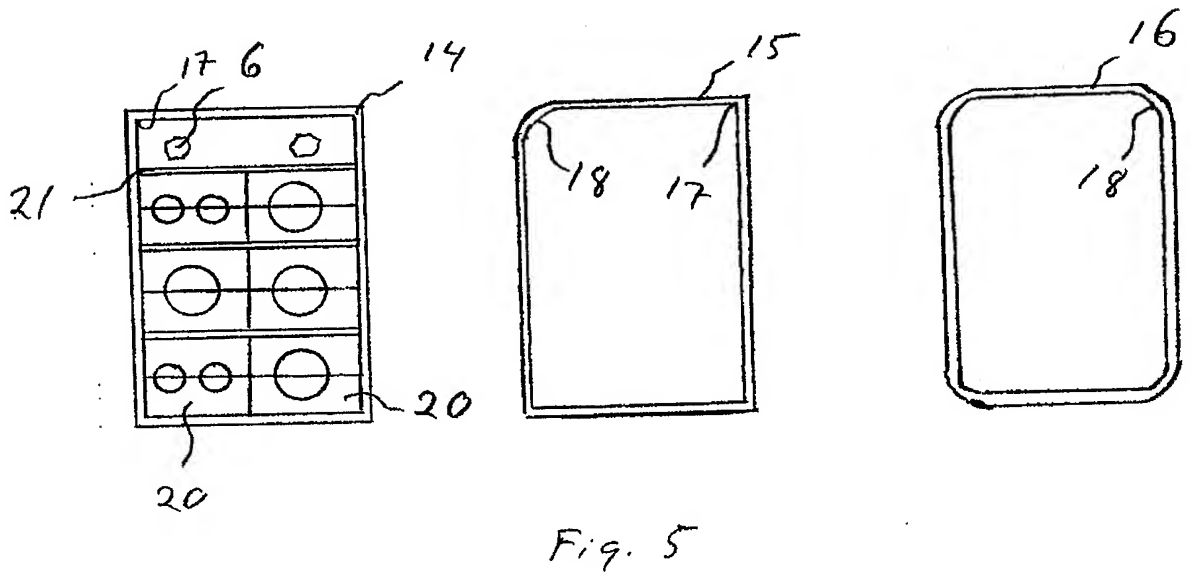
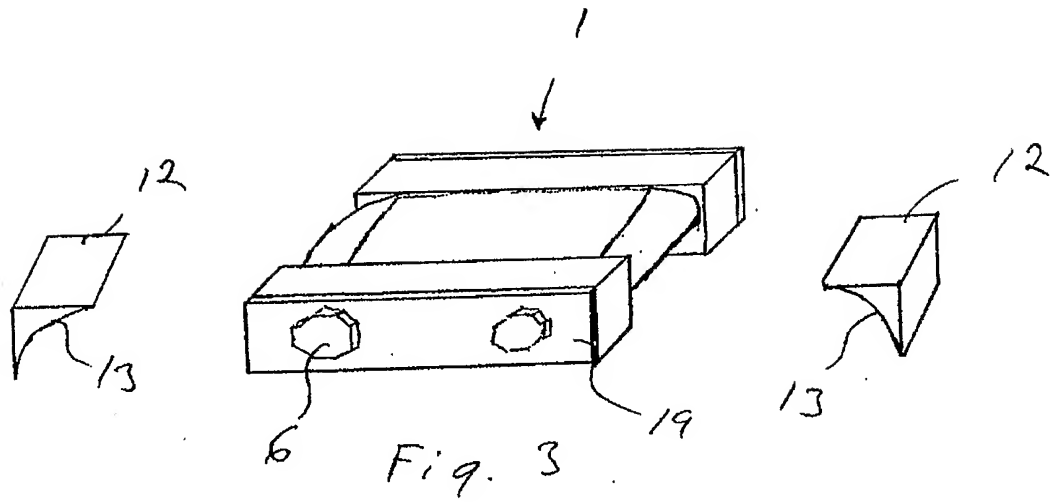


Fig. 4



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